

### IOSO Global Optimization software benchmarking from Japan

All examples are taken from two public sources (written in Japanese):

- 1) Global Optimization by Generalized Random Tunneling Algorithm (2nd Report:

  Examination on the accuracy of solution and its efficiency) Satoshi KITAYAMA and
  Koetsu YAMAZAKI Department of Human & Mechanical Systems Engineering.
  Kanazawa University 2-40-20, Kodatsuno, Kanazawa, Ishikawa, 920-8667, Japan
- 2) Global Optimization by Generalized Random Tunneling Algorithm (5th Report: Approximate Optimization Using RBF Network) Satoshi KITAYAMA, Masao ARAKAWA, Koetsu YAMAZAKI Department of Human & Mechanical Systems Engineering, Kanazawa University Kakuma-machi, Kanazawa, 920-1192, Japan

## Example 1 Task formulation

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{2} (x_i^4 - 16x_i^2 + 5x_i) \rightarrow \min$$

$$g_1(\mathbf{x}) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 - 9 \le 0$$

Position of global optimum is

$$(x_1, x_2)^T = (-2.121, -2.121)^T$$

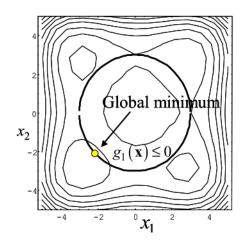
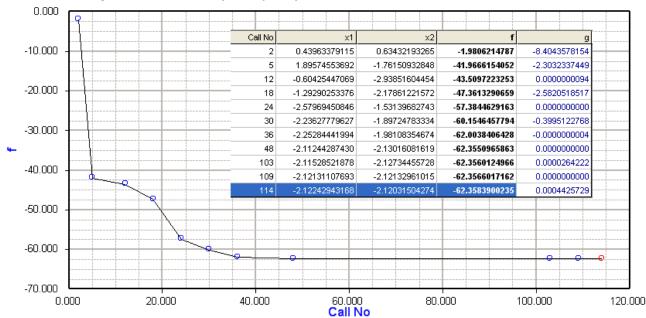


Fig1 Contour of functions and the position of global minimum

# Result given by IOSO IOSO found the global solution easily and quickly





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## Example 2 Task formulation

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = -x_1 - x_2 \rightarrow \min$$

$$g_1(\mathbf{x}) = -2 - 2x_1^4 + 8x_1^3 - 8x_1^2 + x_2 \le 0$$

$$g_2(\mathbf{x}) = -36 - 4x_1^4 + 32x_1^3 - 88x_1^2 + 96x_1 + x_2 \le 0$$

$$0 \le x_1 \le 3$$
,  $0 \le x_2 \le 4$ 

Position of global optimum is

$$(x_1, x_2)^T = (2.329, 3.178)^T$$

where 
$$f = -5.508$$

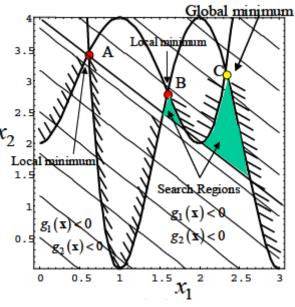
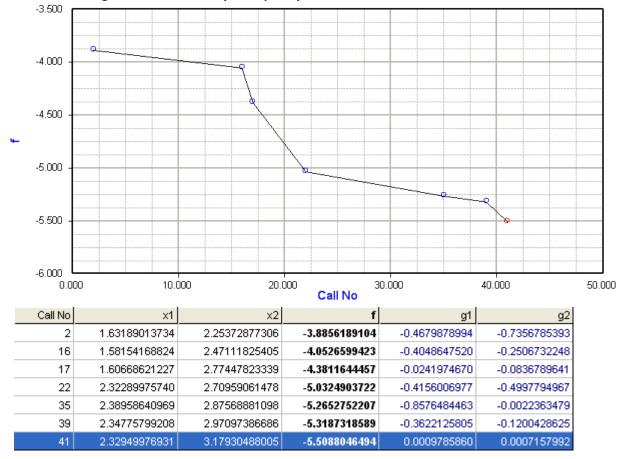


Fig2 Contour of functions and the position of global minimum

#### Result given by IOSO

#### IOSO found the global solution easily and quickly



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### Example 3 (Infeasible region) Task formulation

$$f(x) = -(x_1 - 10)^2 - (x_2 - 15)^2 \rightarrow \min$$

$$g_1(\mathbf{x}) = (x_2 - \frac{5.1}{4\pi^2}x_1^2 + \frac{5}{\pi}x_1 - 6)^2$$

$$+10(1-\frac{1}{8\pi})\cos x_1 + 5 \le 0$$

$$-5 \le x_1 \le 10$$

$$0 \le x_2 \le 15$$

#### Global solution

$$\mathbf{x}_G = (3.271, 0.0496)^T$$

$$f(\mathbf{x}_G) = -268.788$$

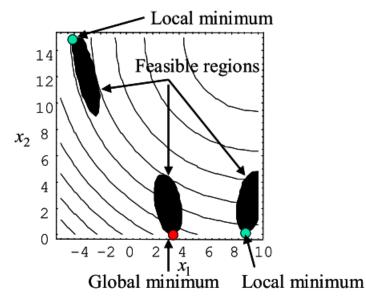
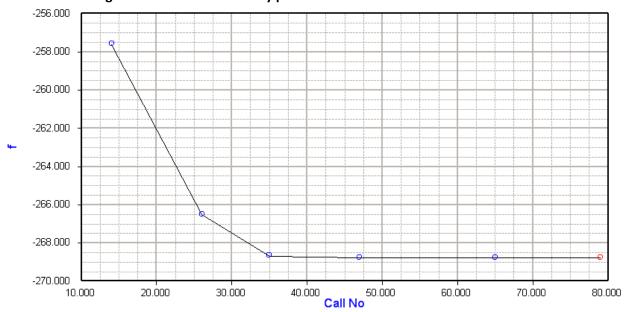


Fig3 Feasible regions and global minimum

### Result given by IOSO

#### IOSO found the global solution without any problem



Call No	x1	x2	f	g
14	3.55730782652	0.29978728294	-257.6045363690	-0.9842157029
26	3.30728610143	0.10928877845	-266.5257000117	-0.3088396462
35	3.28327450640	0.04733077926	-268.6967181812	-0.0124714240
47	3.27348659581	0.04884416175	-268.7830434764	-0.0007753050
65	3.27326731739	0.04874772389	-268.7888772072	0.0000532778
79	3.28014793070	0.04559708770	-268.7905782967	0.0005596130

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### Example 4 (to minimize weight of spring-coil) Task formulation

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = (2 + x_3)x_1^2 x_2 \to \min$$
  
 $g_1(\mathbf{x}) = 1 - x_2^3 x_3 / (71785x_1^4) \le 0$ 

$$g_2(x) = \frac{4x_2^2 - x_1x_2}{12566(x_2x_1^3 - x_1^4)} + \frac{1}{5108x_1^2} - 1 \le 0$$

$$g_3(\mathbf{x}) = 1 - 140.45x_1/(x_2^2x_3) \le 0$$

$$g_4(\mathbf{x}) = (x_1 + x_2)/1.5 - 1 \le 0$$

$$0.05 \le x_1 \le 2.00$$

$$0.25 \le x_2 \le 1.30$$

$$2.00 \le x_3 \le 15.0$$

esign Variables	Best solutions found					
esign variables	Arora <sup>(18)</sup>	Coello <sup>(19)</sup>	Ray <sup>(20)</sup>	Hu <sup>(21)</sup>	Kitavama	
$x_1(d)$	0.053396	0.051480	0.050417	0.051466	0.052062	
$x_2(D)$	0.399180	0.351661	0.321532	0.351384	0.337205	
$x_3(N)$	9.185400	11.632201	13.979915	11.608659	13.831074	
$g_1(x)$	0.000019	-0.002080	-0.001926	-0.003336	-0.005994	
$g_2(x)$	-0.000018	-0.000110	-0.012944	-0.000110	-0.062925	
$g_3(x)$	-4.123832	-4.026318	-3.899430	-4.026318	-3.649392	
$g_4(x)$	-0.698283	-0.731239	-0.752034	-0.731324	-0.740489	
f(x)	0.012730	0.012705	0.013060	0.012667	0.014469	

Table 1 Comparison of the results Various results are presented by various scientists for comparison (the result found by Hu is the best one)

#### Result given by IOSO

### IOSO easily found the global solution that is the same as given by Hu

